Visuals and Structure Resource Pack





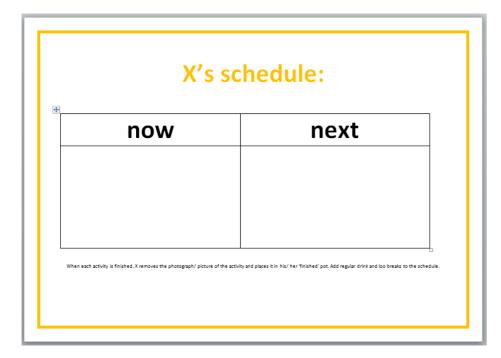
People with autism are most likely to respond to visual resources that support:

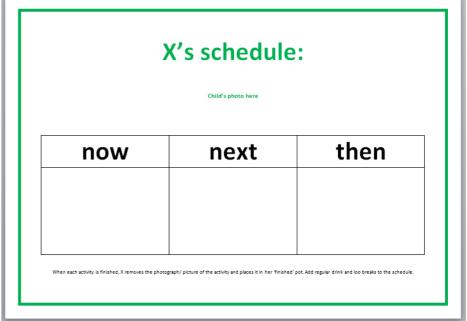
- Understanding of routines
- Communication
- Learning and development
- Social skills
- Understanding of social cues

- Independence
- Self-care
- Change
- Self-organisation



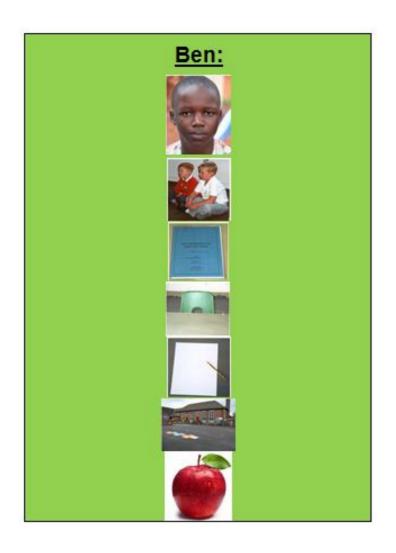
Visual timetables:







Visual timetables

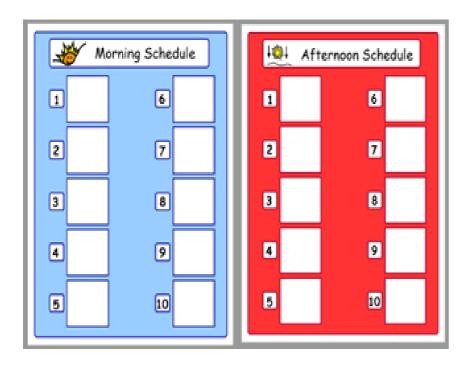


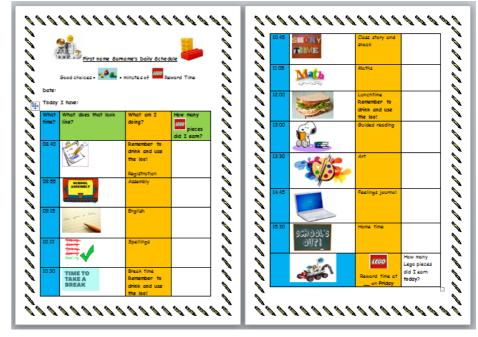






Visual timetables/ schedules:

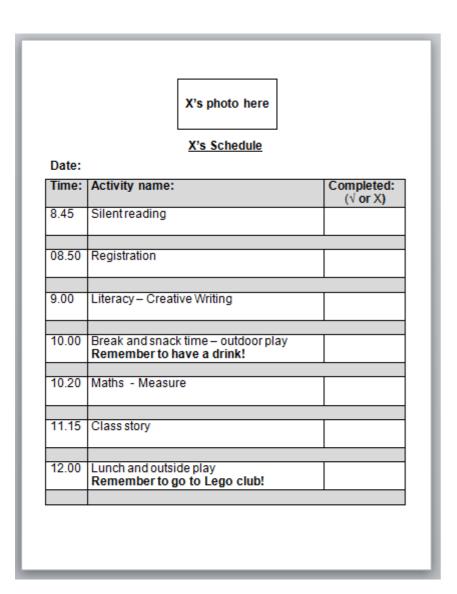








Visual timetables/ schedules:



Thursday 8th April

Morning

Afternoon

Circle time

Circle time

Work 1 2 3

History Sheet 3

Play with Lego

Story time

Read "Where's Floppy"

Choosing time

Snack

Circle time

Playtime

Home

Painting

Number Sheet 1

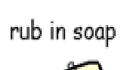
Lunch



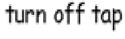


Visual systems teach the sequencing of specific activities:





wash hands





dry hands



back to class





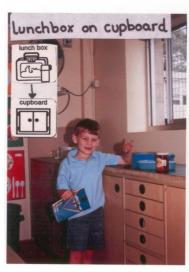


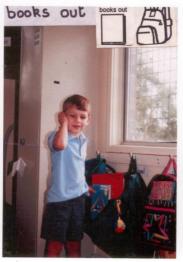
Photographic sequencing:







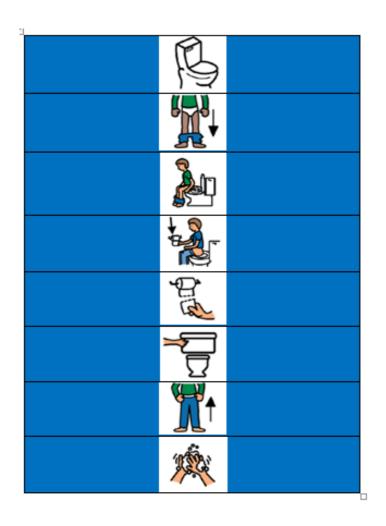








Visual systems teach the sequencing of specific activities:

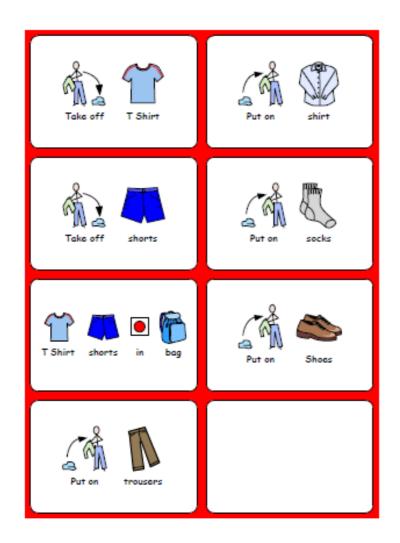


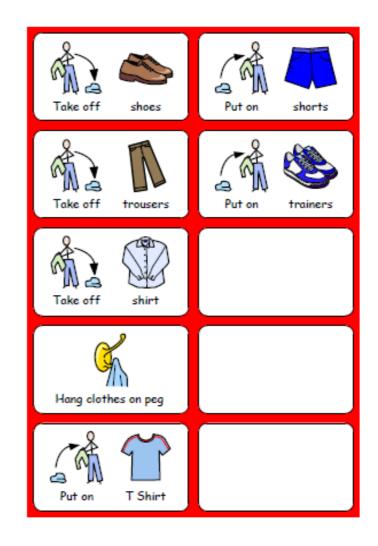






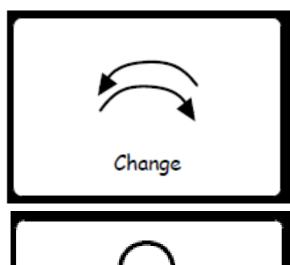
Visual jigs:

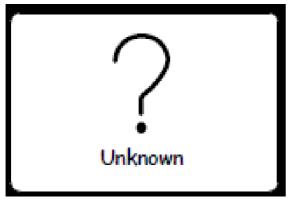


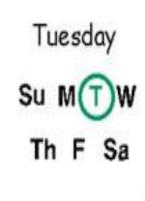




Visual systems that support the concept of 'change':





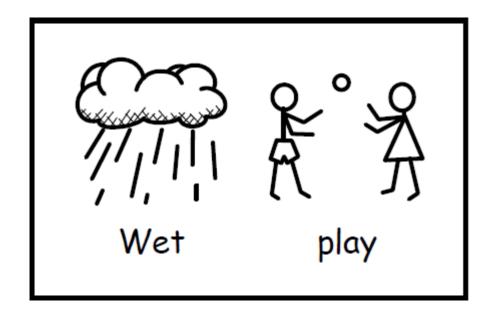


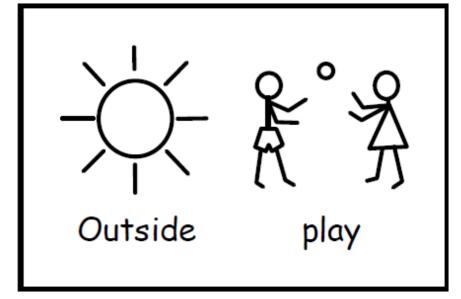






Visual systems that support the concept of 'change':

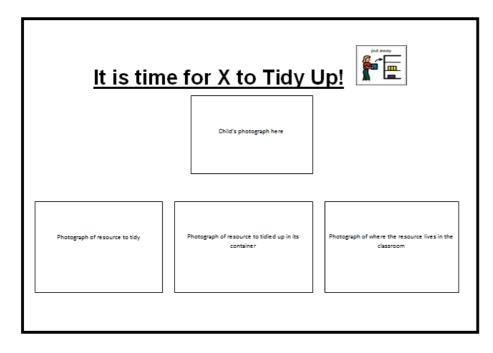








Visual systems that support the concept of change and taking responsibility:

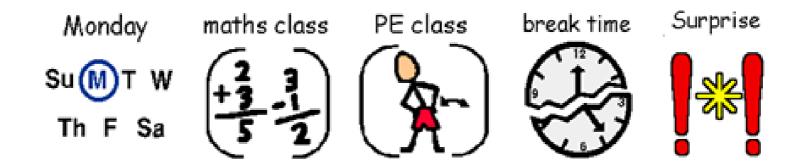






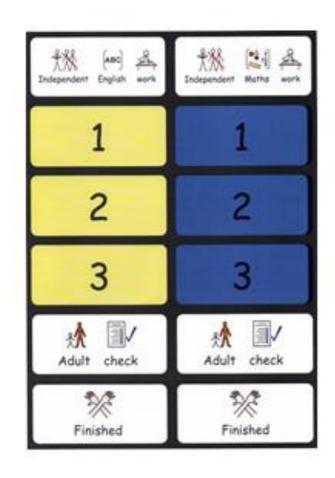


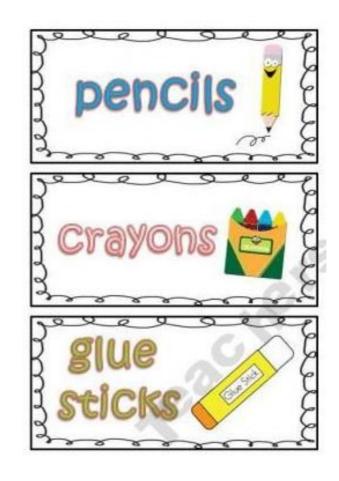
Visual systems to develop flexibility:





Visual work systems and checklists:



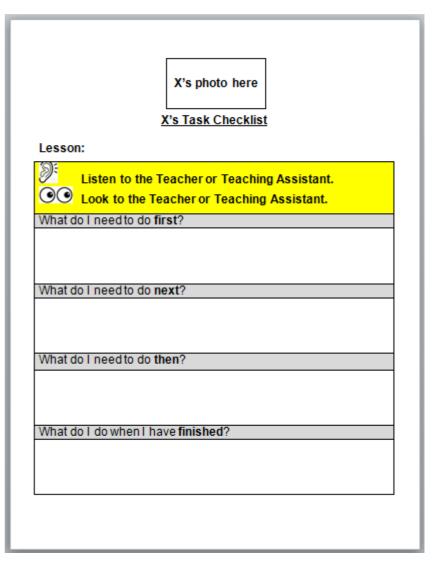






Visual work systems and checklists:

What do I need for this task?		Tick when you got this	
Pencil			
Ruler	The state of the s		
Literacy book			



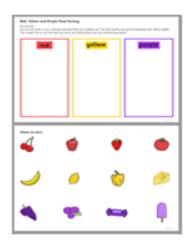


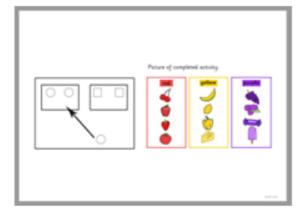


Examples of visual structured tasks:



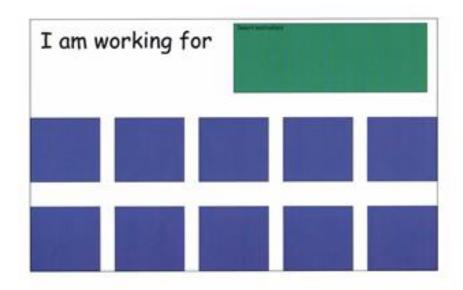








Visual reward systems:







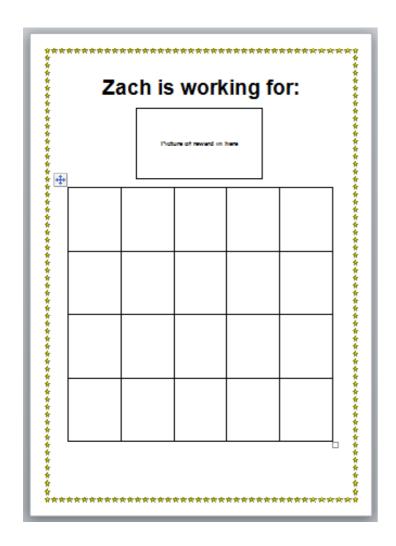


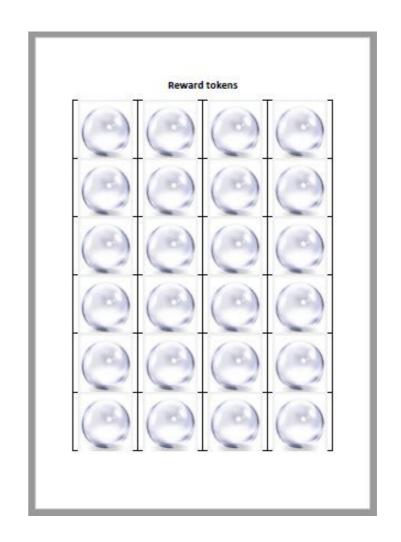






Visual reward systems:









Visual target boards:







Visual systems to communicate the need for help:

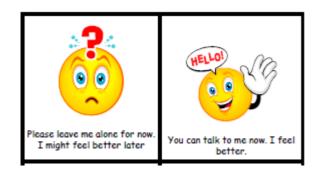








Visual systems to communicate the need for time alone or a break:



Please leave me alone for now. I might feel better later

You can talk to me now. I feel better.

I need a break.

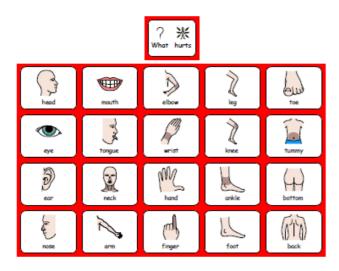


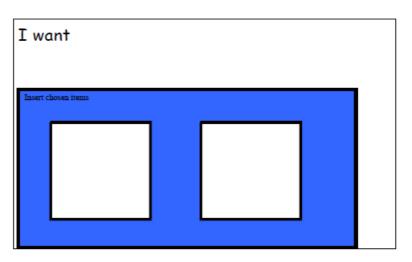




Visual systems to communicate needs:





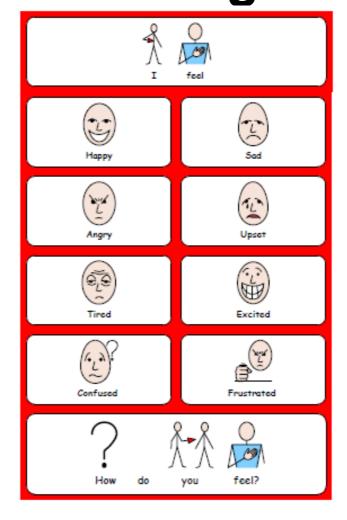








Visual systems to communicate feelings:

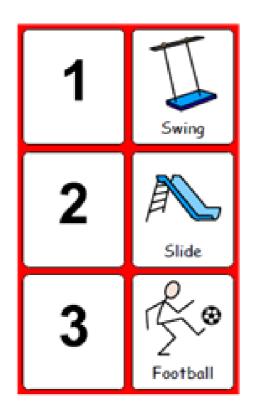


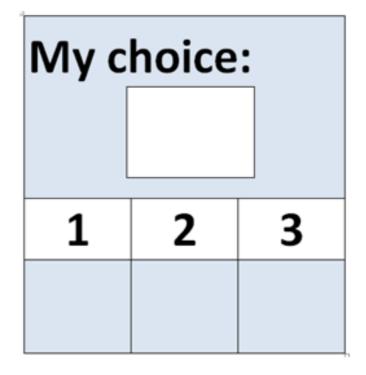






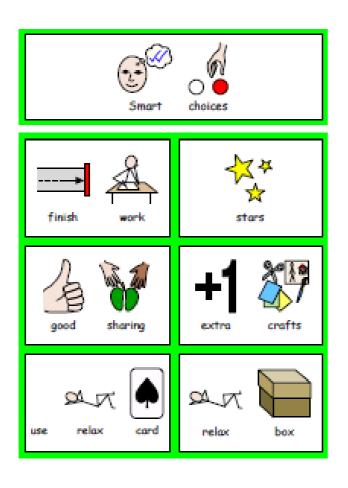
Visual systems to support making choices:

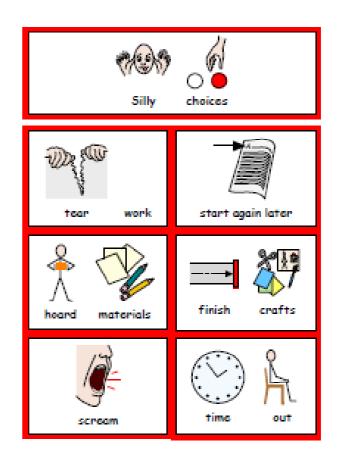






Visual systems to support choices and consequences:







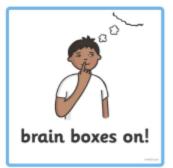


Visual systems to reinforce expectations:

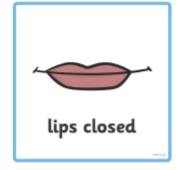


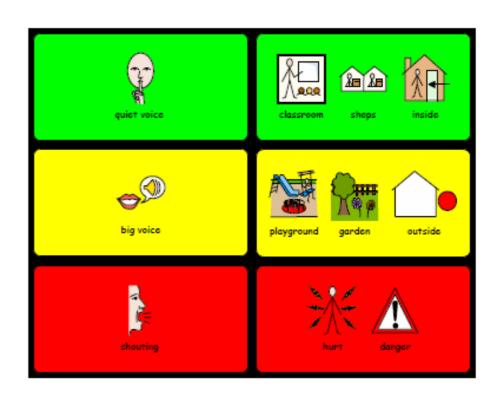






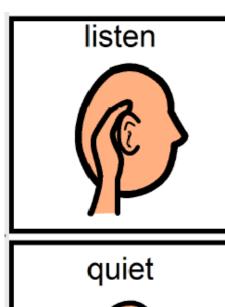


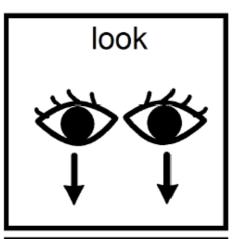




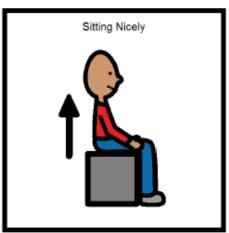


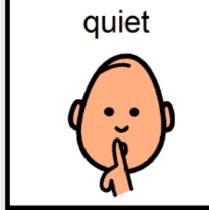
Using visuals to reinforce expected behaviour:



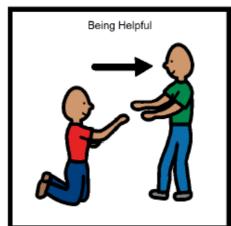


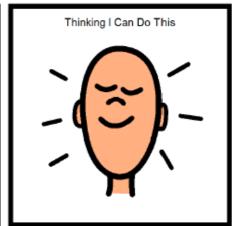








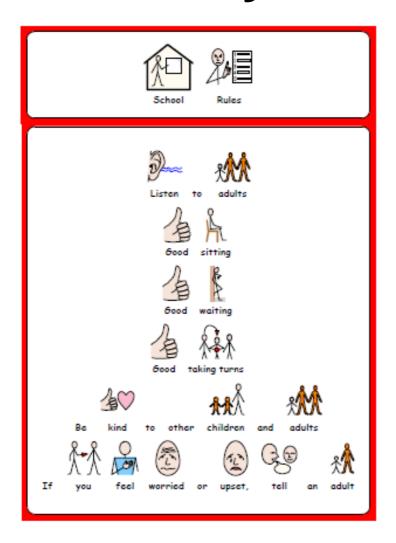


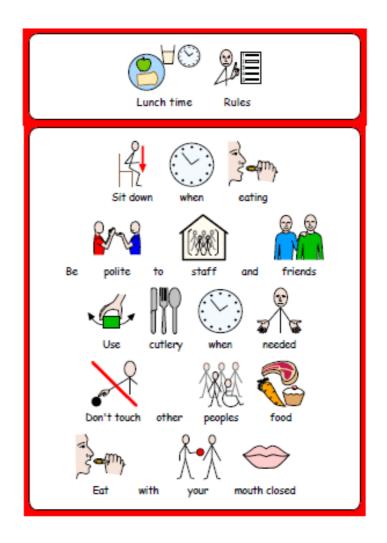






Visual systems to reinforce rules:

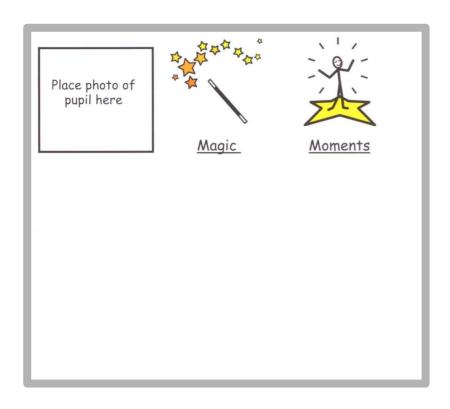


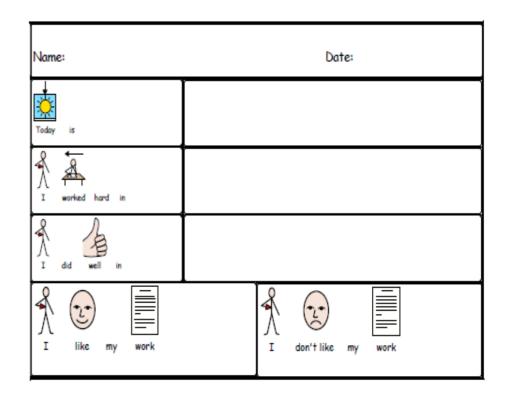






Structures to support pupil evaluation and review:

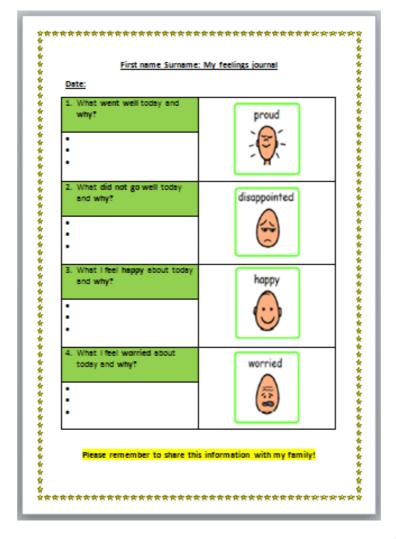








Structures to support pupil evaluation and review:







Behaviour/ Anxiety Escalation Summary Chart

Logo here						
First areas From	/- (B-bi F	alasiaa Suuraaan ohaa	el Inniana bod			
First name Surname's 'Behaviour Escalation Summary Chart' (DD/MM/YY)						
Behaviour	Looks like and Feels	Specific useful/	Approaches that have			
Scale:	like: (Pupil's voice –	helpful strategies:	been unhelpful in the past:			
	parent/carer and key		past.			
	staff to contribute)					
7: Debrief	•	•	•			
(Sehaviours displayed during discussion about events at a						
later date)						
6: Depression	•		•			
(Sehaviours displayed post- incident when signs of remorse						
may be apparent)						
E. Danson						
5: Recovery (Sehavlours displayed when						
starting to show signs of calming down/ self-regulation)						
,						
4: Crisis	•	•	•			
(Seheviours displayed during when maximum upset is						
apparent)						
Øn fi						
3997						
3: Defensive						
(Behaviours displayed during increase in unsettled behaviour)						
increase in unsetted defisitions)						
2: Anxious		•				
(Sehaviours displayed during Initial signs of feeling unsettled)						
111111111111111111111111111111111111111						
1: Happy and settled	•	•				
a						
<u>~</u>						
Please ensure a copy of this Se	Plasse ensure a copy of this Sehaviour Escalation Summary Chart is available to pupil's name and all the adults that work					
with him/hor (delete as applicable) at home and in school. Talk to first name in terms of numbers on the scale: "I think you've at a three, first name. What do you need to do/ how						
can I help you to get back to a one?'						

- Identifies the subtle signs of anxiety escalation
- Input from the whole team around the child, and the child – where appropriate
- Ensures consistency in behaviour/ anxiety management
- Introduces selfregulation







Five Point Scale

Level of anxiety:	Looks like:	Feels like:	I can (Self-
	(Child's voice)	(Child's voice)	regulation strategies)
5			•
Meltdown			
4			
3			•
2			•
1			
Usual presentation			

- Develops child's selfregulation skills
- Input from the child, as well as other key people
- Talk in terms of numbers on the scale. E.g. 'James you look a bit worried, you're at a two. What do you need to do to get yourself back to a one? Look at what is says on your chart.'



